Carr Head Primary School - Knowledge Organiser

Science Seasonal Changes Year 1 Autumn Term 2

Key Knowledge			
Seasons			i -
What is a season?	The year is divided into four parts according to the weather and daylight hours. Each part is called a season.		' -
Does the whole world have the same seasons?	No - the seasons happen at different times in the top half of the world (Northern Hemisphere) compared with the bottom half of the world (Southern Hemisphere)		
Where are we?	In England, we are in the Northern Hemisphere.		
What are the seasons called?	AutumnWinterSpringSummer		-
When are the seasons in England?	Autumn	September October November	
	Winter	December January February	
	Spring	March April May	
	Summer	June July August	
Weather ar	nd daylight during the s	seasons	
Autumn	 Temperatures get progressively colder The weather is very changeable 12 hours of light per day on average. 		
Winter	 Temperatures are at their coldest The weather is generally wet, windy and cloudy at the start of the season becoming drier and much colder in the later part of the season. 8 hours of light per day on average. 		
Spring	 Early spring can be quite cold, and occasionally the lowest temperatures of the year can occur in March There is a fair chance of snow earlier in the season often in March Temperatures get progressively warmer throughout the season. 13 hours of light per day on average. 		
Summer	 The warmest and sunniest of the seasons Thunderstorms are more likely in the Summer. 16 hours of light per day on average. 		L
	The Sun		
WARNING	IT IS NOT SAFE TO EVER LOOK DIRECTLY AT THE SUN, EVEN WHEN WEARING SUN GLASSES.		

Key Vocabulary		
Weather	The conditions outside	
Temperature	The measure of how hot something is	
Seasons	The parts a year is divided into	
Leaves	Usually flat and green growing from a stem	
Thunderstorm	A storm of heavy rain with thunder and lightning	
	Diagrams and Symbols	

