

COMPARING AND GROUPING - Materials can be compared and grouped together on the basis of their properties including:

- **Hardness** – how hard or soft a material is
- **Solubility** – whether a material can dissolve
- **Transparency** – whether it allows light to pass through
- **Conductivity** (electrical or thermal) – whether it allows heat or electricity to carry through
- **Response to magnets** – whether it is magnetic

Transparent



Impermeable



Permeable



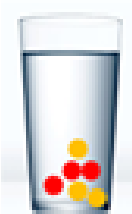
Flexible



Soluble

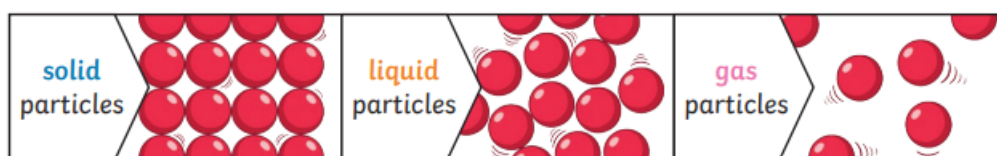
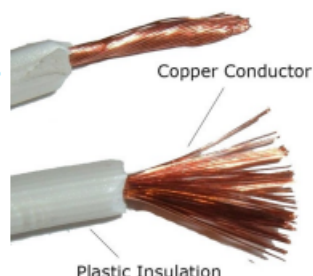


Insoluble



Electrical conductors allow electricity to pass through them easily while electrical insulators do not.

Electrical insulators have a high resistance which means that it is hard for electricity to pass through these objects.



Different **materials** are used for particular jobs based on their properties: electrical **conductivity**, flexibility, hardness, **insulators**, magnetism, solubility, thermal **conductivity**, **transparency**.

Quiz

What is an electrical insulator?

What does transparent mean?

What does impermeable mean?

What does solubility mean?

